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# **Adafruit's PCF8523 RTC Library Documentation**

***Release 1.0***

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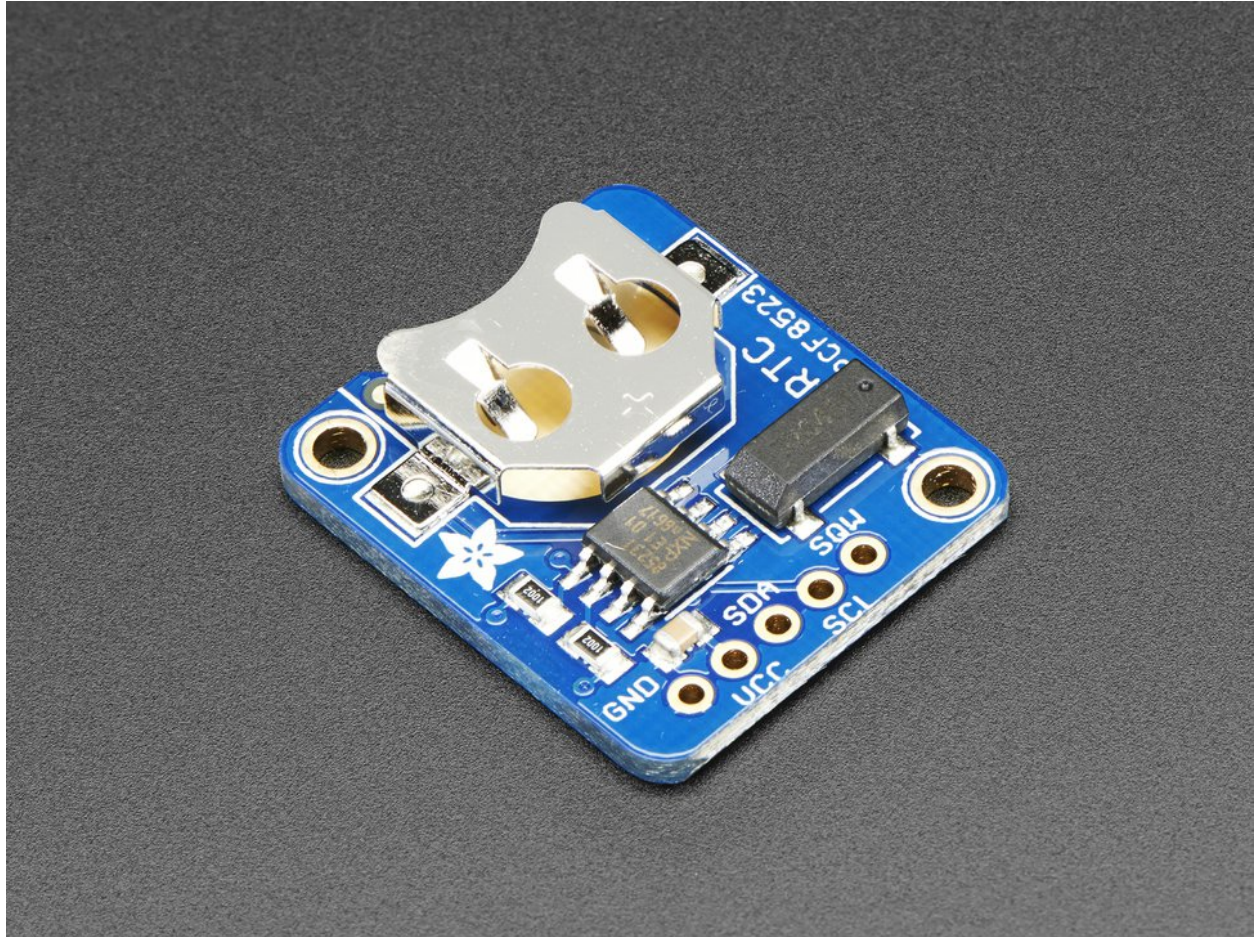
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This is a great battery-backed real time clock (RTC) that allows your microcontroller project to keep track of time even if it is reprogrammed, or if the power is lost. Perfect for datalogging, clock-building, time stamping, timers and alarms, etc. Equipped with PCF8523 RTC - it can run from 3.3V or 5V power & logic!

The PCF8523 is simple and inexpensive but not a high precision device. It may lose or gain up to two seconds a day. For a high-precision, temperature compensated alternative, please check out the [DS3231 precision RTC](#). If you need a DS1307 for compatibility reasons, check out our [DS1307 RTC breakout](#).





# CHAPTER 1

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## Dependencies

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This driver depends on the [Register](#) and [Bus Device](#) libraries. Please ensure they are also available on the CircuitPython filesystem. This is easily achieved by downloading [a library and driver bundle](#).



### 2.1 Basics

Of course, you must import the library to use it:

```
import busio
import adafruit_pcf8523
import time
```

All the Adafruit RTC libraries take an instantiated and active I2C object (from the `busio` library) as an argument to their constructor. The way to create an I2C object depends on the board you are using. For boards with labeled SCL and SDA pins, you can:

```
from board import *
```

You can also use pins defined by the onboard `microcontroller` through the `microcontroller.pin` module.

Now, to initialize the I2C bus:

```
myI2C = busio.I2C(SCL, SDA)
```

Once you have created the I2C interface object, you can use it to instantiate the RTC object:

```
rtc = adafruit_pcf8523.PCF8523(myI2C)
```

### 2.2 Date and time

To set the time, you need to set `datetime` to a `time.struct_time` object:

```
rtc.datetime = time.struct_time((2017, 1, 9, 15, 6, 0, 0, 9, -1))
```

After the RTC is set, you retrieve the time by reading the `datetime` attribute and access the standard attributes of a `struct_time` such as `tm_year`, `tm_hour` and `tm_min`.

```
t = rtc.datetime
print(t)
print(t.tm_hour, t.tm_min)
```

## 2.3 Alarm

To set the time, you need to set `alarm` to a tuple with a `time.struct_time` object and string representing the frequency such as “hourly”:

```
rtc.alarm = (time.struct_time((2017,1,9,15,6,0,0,9,-1)), "daily")
```

After the RTC is set, you retrieve the alarm status by reading the `alarm_status` attribute. Once True, set it back to False to reset.

```
if rtc.alarm_status:
    print("wake up!")
    rtc.alarm_status = False
```

### 3.1 adafruit\_pcf8523 - PCF8523 Real Time Clock module

This library supports the use of the PCF8523-based RTC in CircuitPython. It contains a base RTC class used by all Adafruit RTC libraries. This base class is inherited by the chip-specific subclasses.

Functions are included for reading and writing registers and manipulating datetime objects.

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#### 3.1.1 Implementation Notes

##### Hardware:

- Adafruit [Adalogger FeatherWing - RTC + SD Add-on](#) (Product ID: 2922)
- Adafruit [PCF8523 RTC breakout](#) (Product ID: 3295)

##### Software and Dependencies:

- Adafruit CircuitPython firmware for the ESP8622 and M0-based boards: <https://github.com/adafruit/micropython/releases>
- Adafruit's Register library: [https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit\\_CircuitPython\\_Register](https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_Register)
- Adafruit's Bus Device library: [https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit\\_CircuitPython\\_BusDevice](https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_CircuitPython_BusDevice)

##### Notes:

1. Milliseconds are not supported by this RTC.
2. Datasheet: [http://cache.nxp.com/documents/data\\_sheet/PCF8523.pdf](http://cache.nxp.com/documents/data_sheet/PCF8523.pdf)

**class** `adafruit_pcf8523.PCF8523` (*i2c*)  
Interface to the PCF8523 RTC.

**alarm**

Alarm time for the first alarm.

**alarm\_interrupt**

True if the interrupt pin will output when alarm is alarming.

**alarm\_status**

True if alarm is alarming. Set to False to reset.

**battery\_low**

True if the battery is low and should be replaced.

**datetime**

Gets the current date and time or sets the current date and time then starts the clock.

**datetime\_register**

Current date and time.

**lost\_power**

True if the device has lost power since the time was set.

**power\_management**

Power management state that dictates battery switchover, power sources and low battery detection. Defaults to BATTERY\_SWITCHOVER\_OFF (0b000).

### a

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